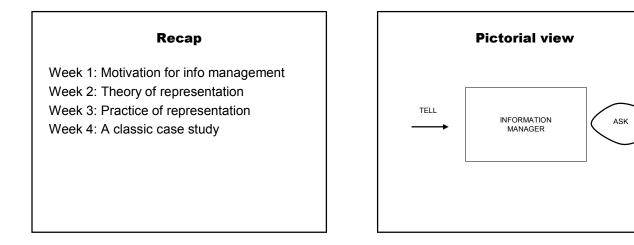
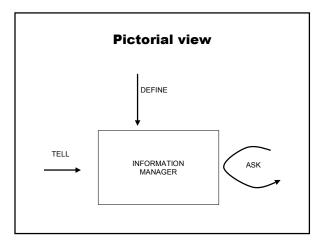
Principles of Information and Database Management 198:336 Week 4 – Feb 14 Matthew Stone

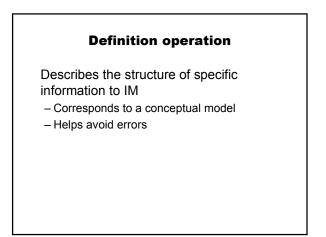
Today

Relational model

- Big picture
- Schemas and tables
- ER diagrams to schemas
- Queries and SQL







	F	Relations		
sid	name	login	age	gpa
53666	Jones	jones@cs	18	3.4
53688	Smith	smith@eecs	18	3.2
53650	Smith	smith@math	19	3.8

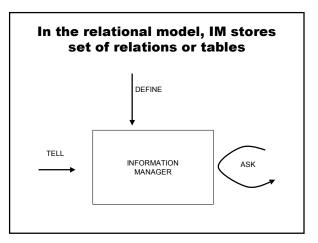
Named after logical relation

sid	name	login	age	gpa
53666	Jones	jones@cs	18	3.4
53688	Smith	smith@eecs	18	3.2
53650	Smith	smith@math	19	3.8

Corresponds to

Student(53666,Jones,jones@cs,18,3.4)
Student(53688,Smith,smith@eecs,18,3.2)
Student(53650,Smith,smith@math,19,3.8)

sid	name	login	age	gpa
53666	Jones	jones@cs	18	3.4
53688	Smith	smith@eecs	18	3.2
53650	Smith	smith@math	19	3.8



Relational model

Define

- Creates new tables

Tell – Inserts new rows into tables

Query

- SQL expressions describe data of interest
- Results are returned as tables

Relational Model: Example

Definition statement

```
create table books
( isbn char(13) not null primary key,
  author char(80),
  title char(100),
  price float(4,2)
);
```

Relational model example

Tell statement

```
insert into books values
('0-672-31697-8',
 'Michael Morgan',
 'Java 2 for Professional Developers',
 34.99);
```

Relational model example

Tell statement

 Adds a row to the specified table in the information manager to include the specified entity or relationship.

Relational model example

Query example

SELECT author,title
FROM books
WHERE price > 30;

Relational model example

This returns a new table

author	title
Michael	Java 2 for Professional Developers
Morgan 	

Relational Model

Most widely used model.

- Vendors: IBM, Informix, Microsoft, Oracle, Sybase, etc.
- "Legacy systems" in older models
 - E.G., IBM's IMS

Relational Query Languages

Queries can be written intuitively, and the DBMS is responsible for efficient evaluation.

- The key: precise semantics for relational queries.
- Allows the optimizer to extensively re-order operations, and still ensure that the answer does not change.

Schemas

```
CREATE TABLE name(
  field TYPE OPTIONS,
  ...
  field TYPE OPTIONS
);
```

Types

int char(n) float(x,y) date varchar text

Options

not null primary key references table(field)

Interaction

use *database*; show tables; describe *table*;